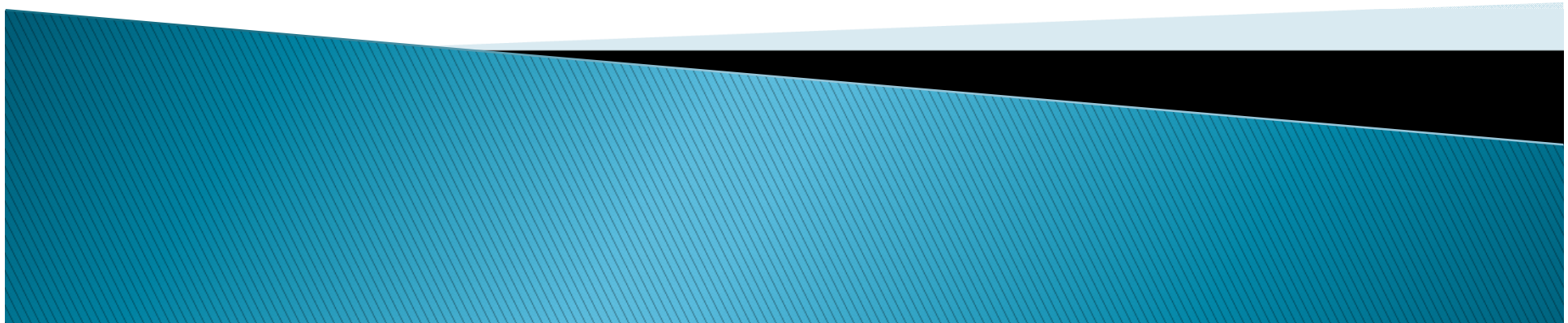


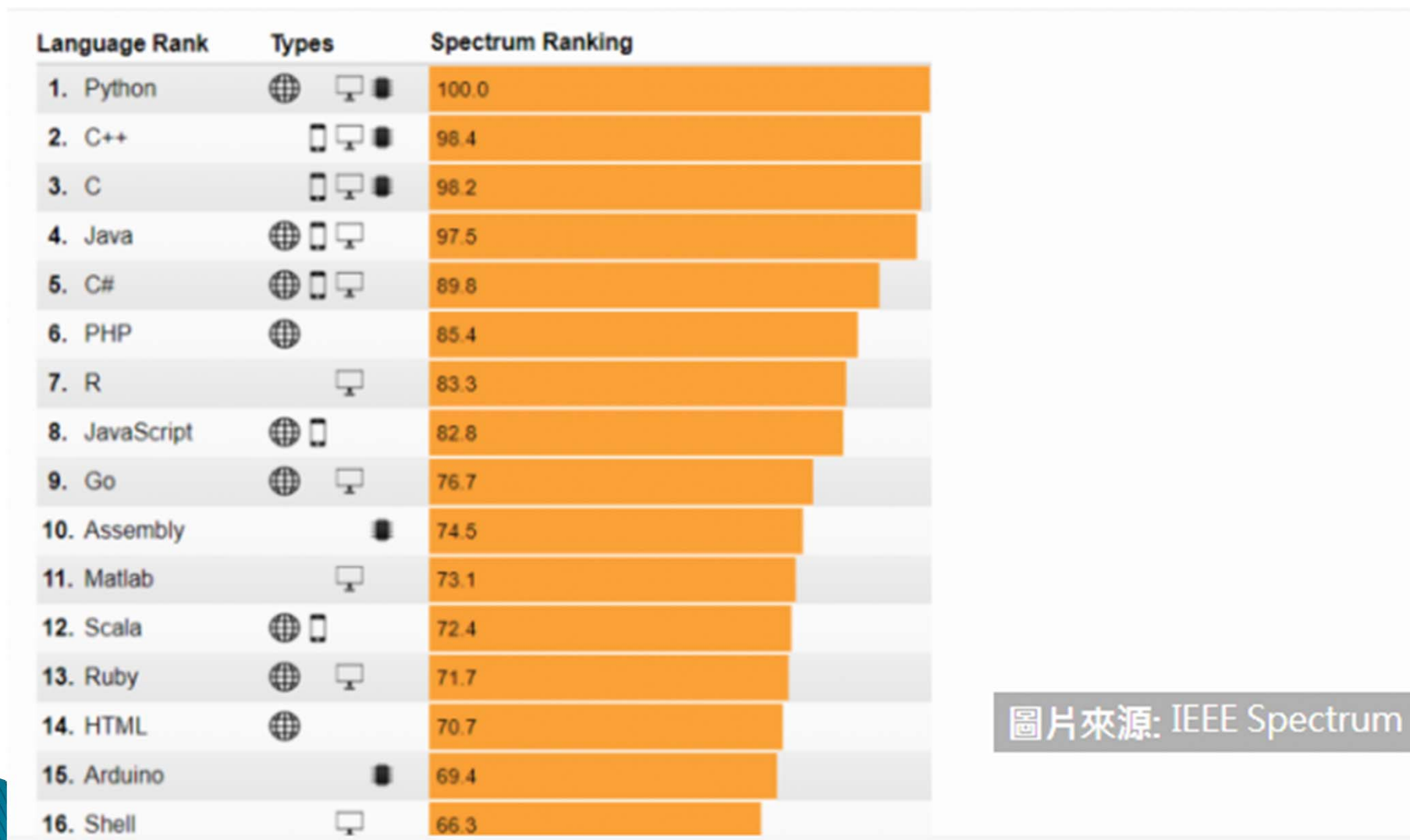
程式設計基本概念

C語言程式設計

國立臺中教育大學 數位內容科技學系
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IEEE Spectrum 2018 程式語言排名



程式設計的三大面向

INPUT

- 輸入
- 鍵盤
- 滑鼠

PROCESS

- 處理
- 加減乘除運算
- 資料結構
 - 變數
 - 陣列
- 程式邏輯
 - 迴圈

OUTPUT

- 螢幕顯示
- 文字檔
- 資料庫

C語言 開發工具

▶ Dev C++

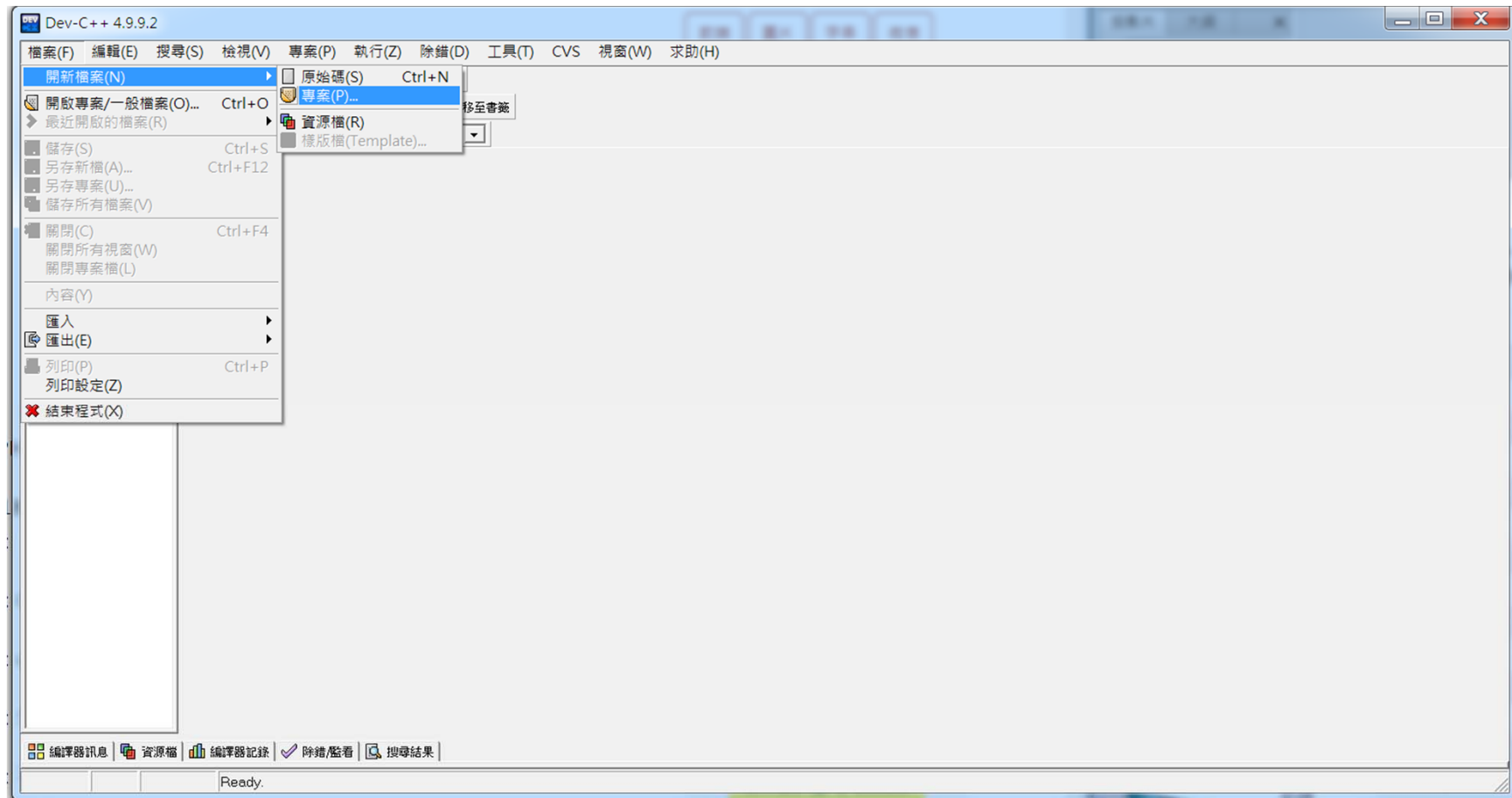
- 免費的C語言開發環境
- 從老師教學網站下載



The screenshot shows a website menu with a date '10/29' on the left. The menu items are organized into columns. A red arrow points from the top right towards the 'Dev C++ [Install program] [Win10版本]' link in the middle column.

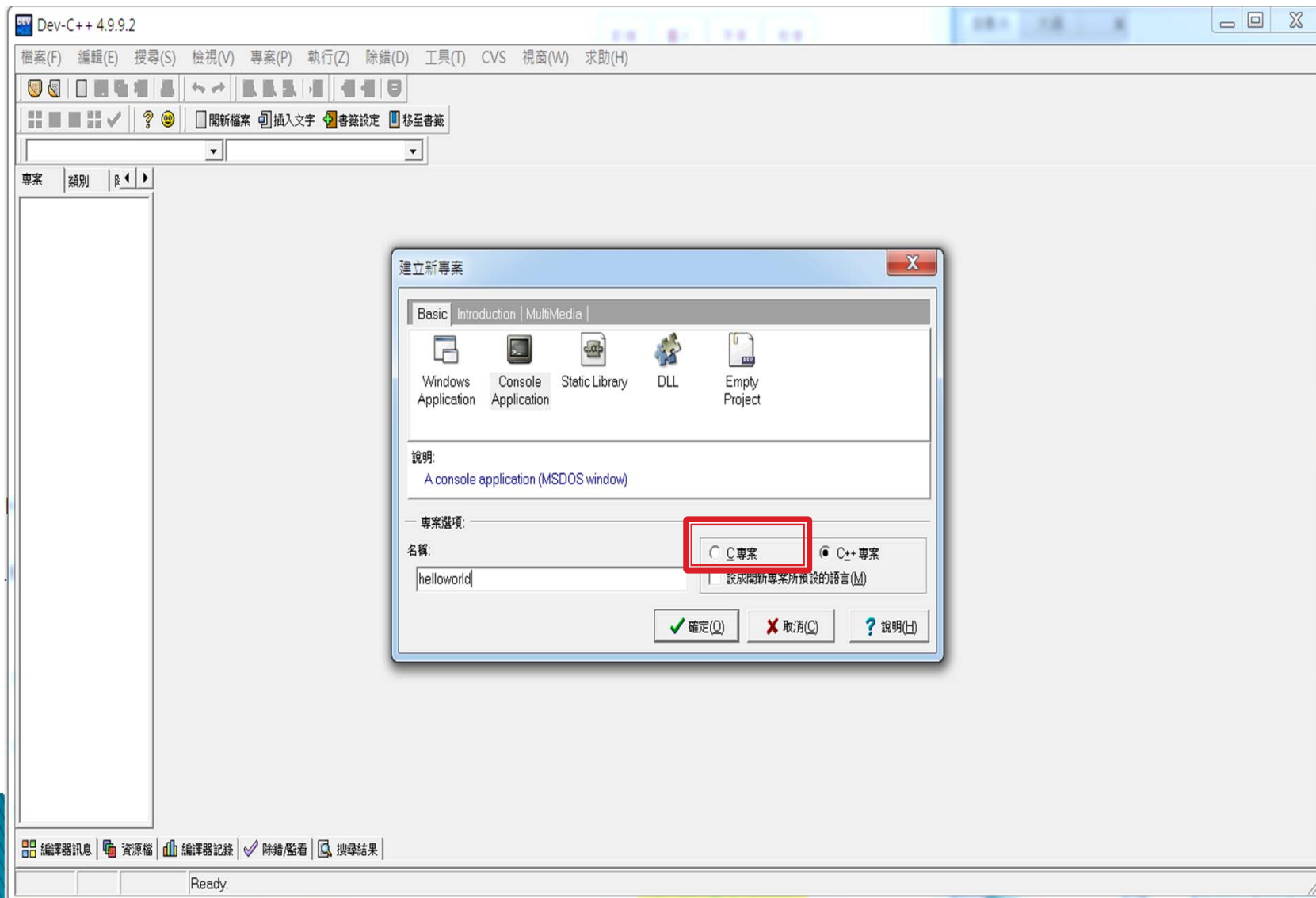
10/29	CHAPTER 06 程式語言 【學習單7 程式設計基本概念】 【學習單8 程式設計多重迴圈】 【學習單9 程式設計紙上作業】	Dev C++ [Install program] [Win10版本] Dev C++教學 Getting Start 教學2 SAMPLE CODE 程式設計紙上作業 [PPT]	Hello word! if判斷式 99乘法表 BMI <ul style="list-style-type: none">• 說明網站• BMI• BMI完成 Do While Star Star2 星星程式解答 (全) 計算程式運算時間 取得程式使用多少CPU時間 FileRead GCD (PDF) LCM (PDF) GCD/LCM比較程式執行時間 副程式範例SUM 猜數字 雞兔同籠 找質數
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DEV C++ 畫面 選建立新專案

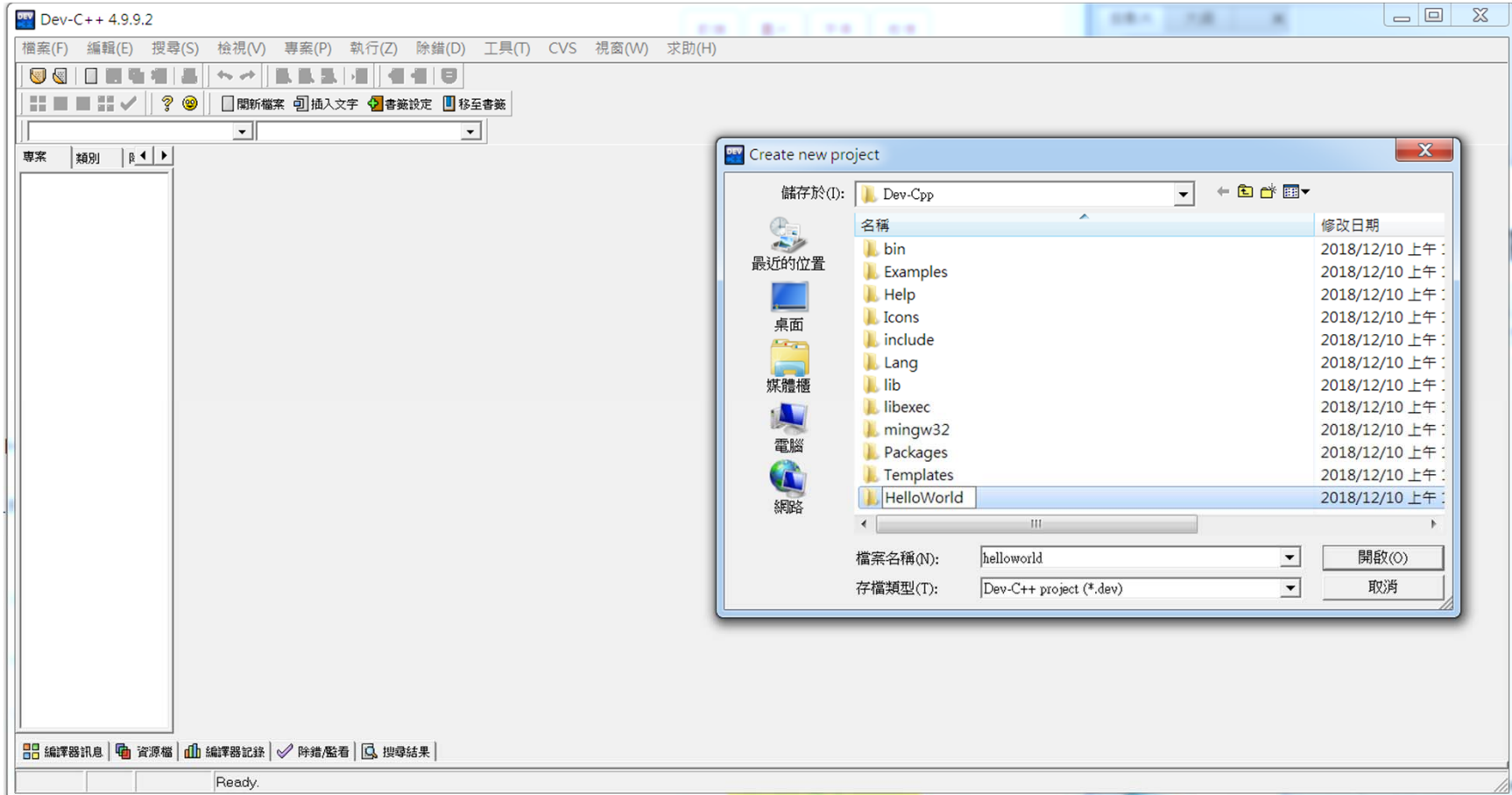


建立名稱:helloworld

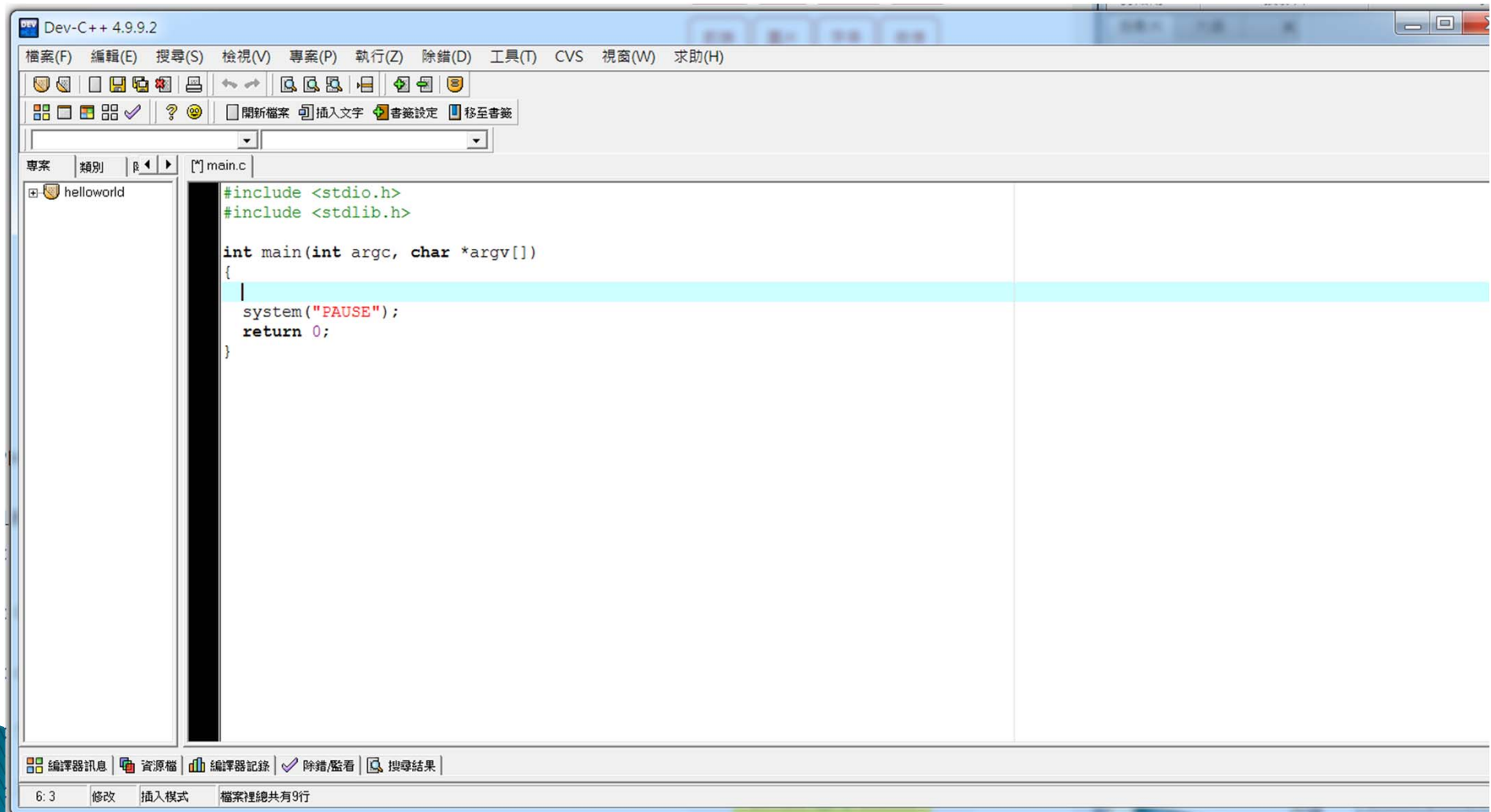
選C專案即可



建立儲存程式的資料夾

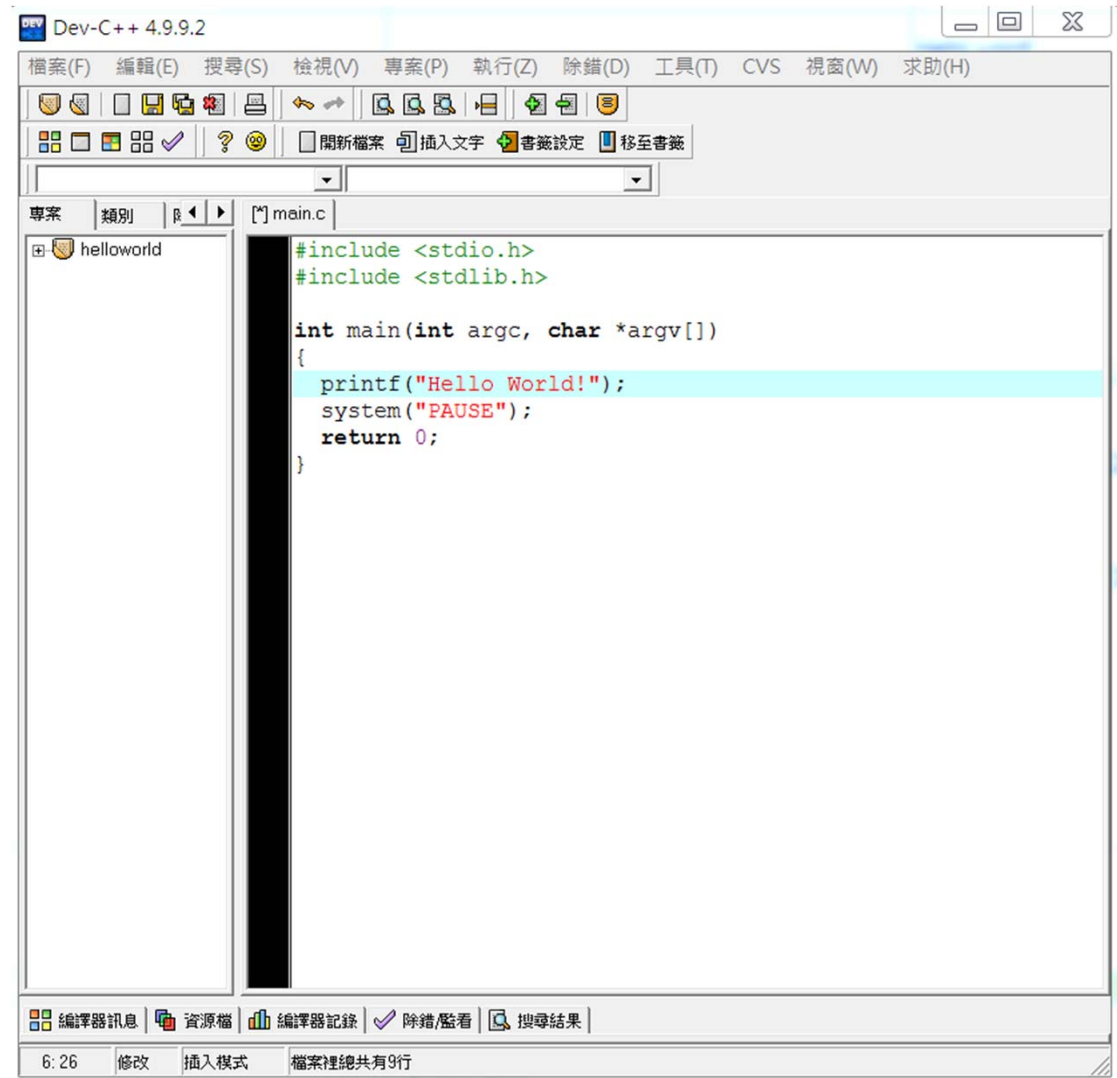


空白的程式 已經預設有初步的程式



寫第一個程式

- ▶ 列印資料到螢幕
- ▶ `printf("Hello World!");`
- ▶ 用法
 - `printf("輸出內容");`



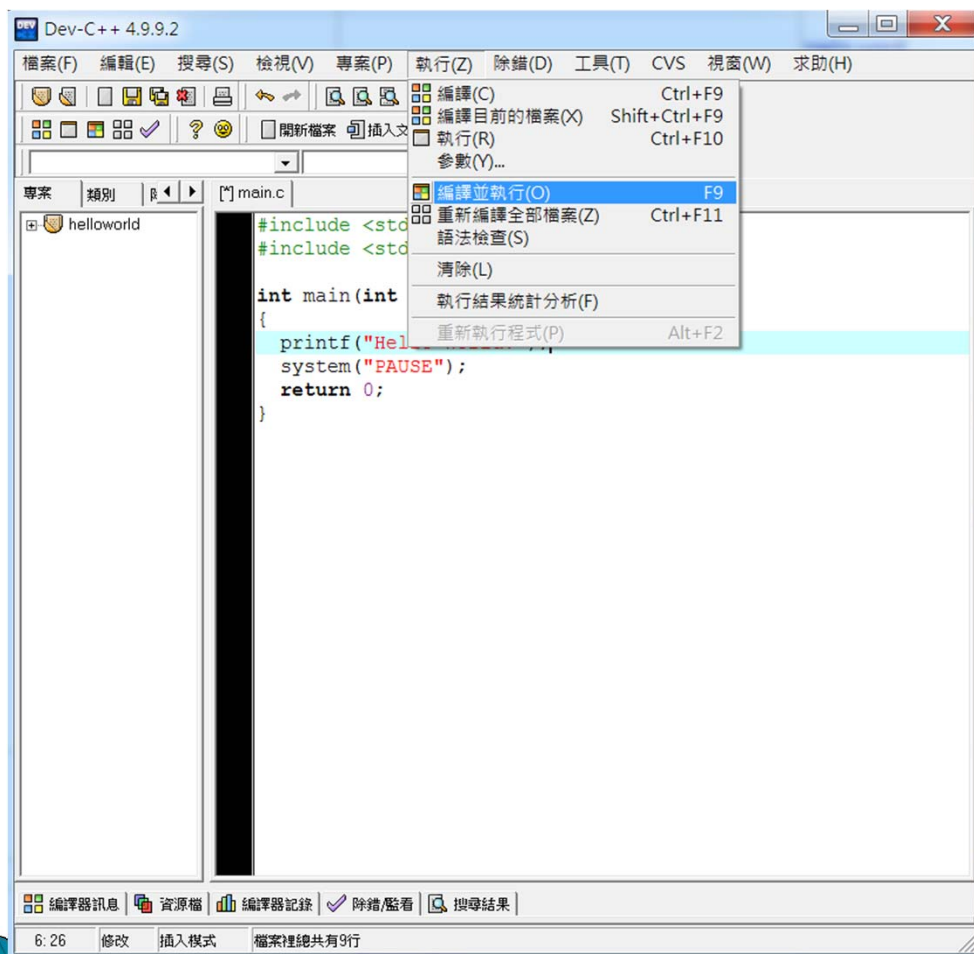
The screenshot shows the Dev-C++ 4.9.9.2 IDE. The main window displays a C program in `main.c` with the following code:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>

int main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
    printf("Hello World!");
    system("PAUSE");
    return 0;
}
```

The `printf("Hello World!");` line is highlighted in light blue. The status bar at the bottom indicates the file has 9 lines and is in insert mode.

按下F9 就可以編譯並執行



來看一下程式的結構

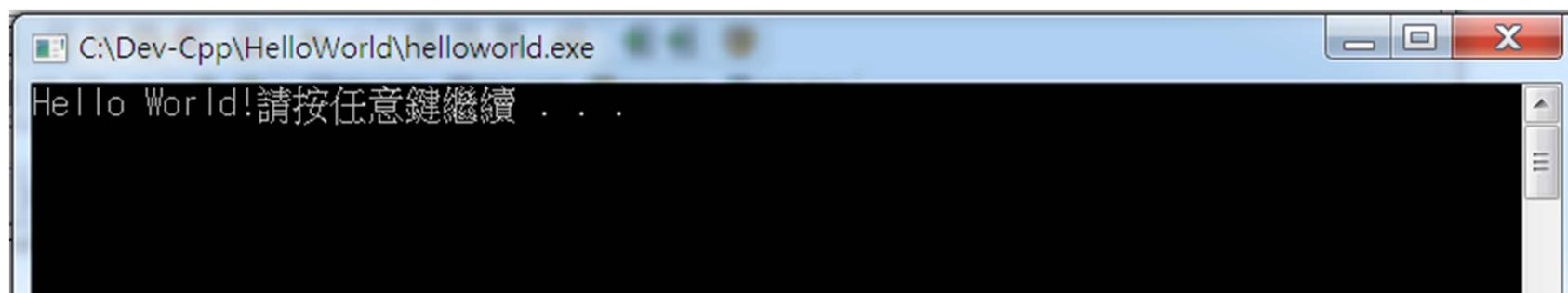
```
main.c
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>

int main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
    printf("Hello World!");
    system("PAUSE");
    return 0;
}
```

主程式的範圍

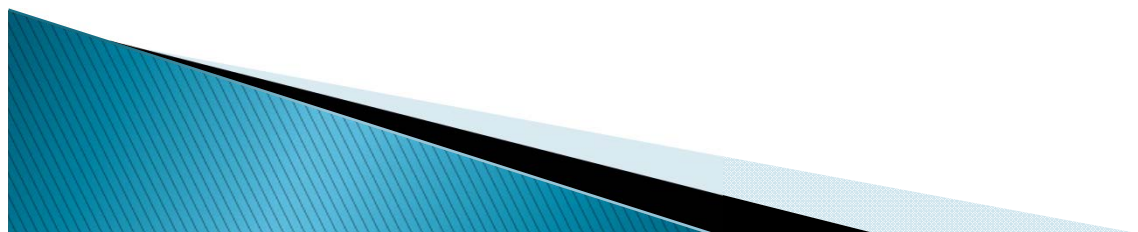


執行結果

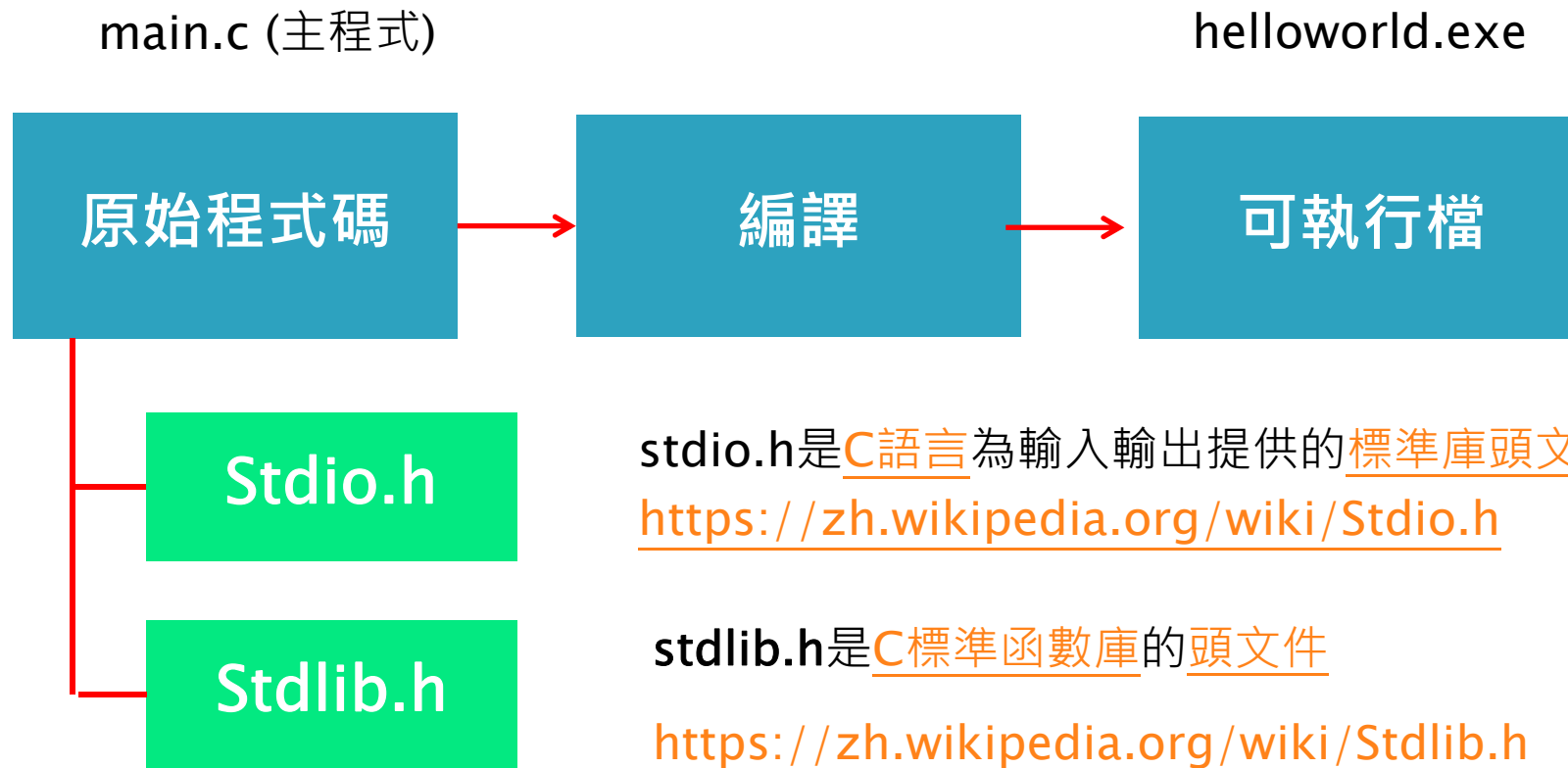


A screenshot of a Windows command prompt window. The title bar shows the file path "C:\Dev-Cpp\HelloWorld\helloworld.exe". The main area of the window is black with white text that reads "Hello World!請按任意鍵繼續 . . .". The window has standard Windows window controls (minimize, maximize, close) in the top right corner.

```
C:\Dev-Cpp\HelloWorld\helloworld.exe  
Hello World!請按任意鍵繼續 . . .
```



高階程式語言編譯與執行流程

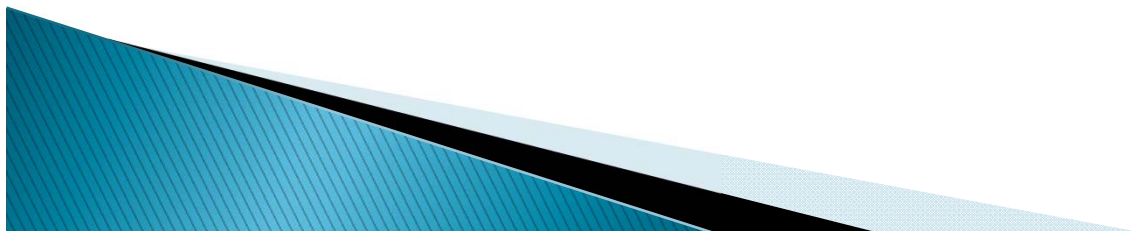


INPUT scanf()

- ▶ 基本用法
- ▶ 由鍵盤讀入一個十進位數字至一整數中，並讀入一個十進位實數至一浮點變數中，輸入整數

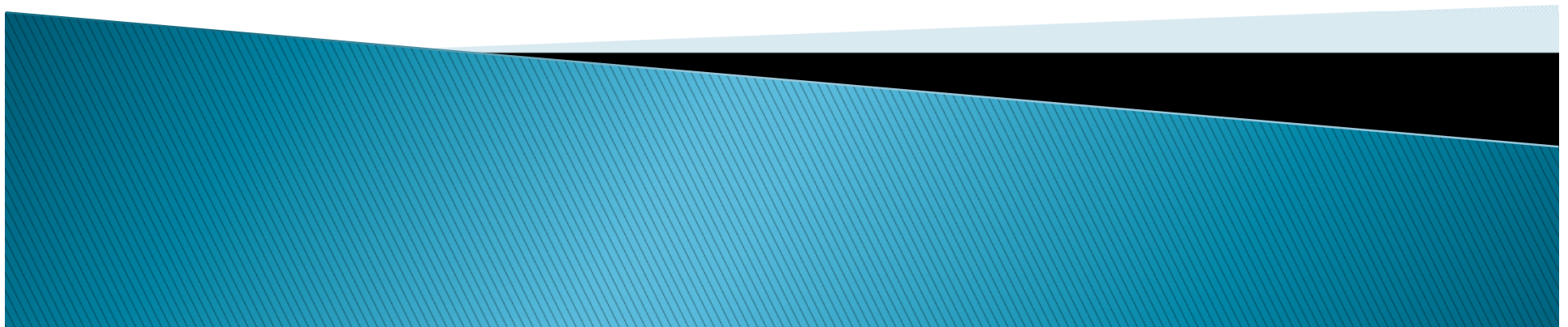
- `int x, y;` // 定義兩個整數 `x, y`
`float z;` // 定義一個浮點數 `z`

- `scanf("%d",&x);` // 由鍵盤讀取一個整數並存入 `x`
`scanf("%d%f",&y, &z);` // 由鍵盤讀取一個整數存入 `x`
// 由鍵盤讀取一個浮點數存入 `z`



Example #1

輸入與輸出



Example #1

輸入年齡(age, 整數)
並印出年齡

```
main.c
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>

int main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
    int age;
    printf("Please enter your age? ");
    scanf("%d", &age);
    printf("Your Age is %d", age);
    system("PAUSE");
    return 0;
}
```

```
C:\Dev-Cpp\HelloWorld\helloworld.exe
Please enter your age? 20
Your Age is 20請按任意鍵繼續 . . .
```

Example #2

輸入姓名(name)、年齡(age, 整數)
並印出姓名與年齡

[*] main.c

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>

int main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
    //變數定義
    char name[500]; //定義姓名為500個字元
    int age;        //定義年齡age為整數

    //-----
    printf("Please enter your name? ");
    scanf("%s", name); //把輸入存入name變數 (用%s)
    printf("Your name is %s.\n", name);

    //-----
    printf("Please enter your age? ");
    scanf("%d", &age); //把輸入存入age變數 (用%d)
    printf("Your Age is %d", age);

    //-----
    system("PAUSE"); //讓系統暫停
    return 0;
}
```

C:\Dev-Cpp\HelloWorld\helloworld.exe

```
Please enter your name? chwu
Your name is chwu.
Please enter your age? 40
Your Age is 40請按任意鍵繼續 . . .
```

Example #3

輸入姓名、身高、體重。並比較兩個數字高低。

```
main.c
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>

int main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
    //變數定義
    char name[500]; //定義姓名為500個字元
    int height;     //定義height為整數
    int weight;     //定義weight為整數

    //-----
    printf("Please enter your name? ");|
    scanf("%s", name); //把輸入存入name變數 (用%s)
    printf("Your name is %s.\n", name);

    //-----
    printf("Please enter your height? ");
    scanf("%d", &height); //把輸入存入height變數 (用%d)
    printf("Your height is %d \n", height);

    //-----
    printf("Please enter your weight? ");
    scanf("%d", &weight); //把輸入存入weight變數 (用%d)
    printf("Your weight is %d \n", weight);

    if (height > weight)
        printf("High number is %d", height);
    else
        printf("High number is %d", weight);

    //-----
    system("PAUSE"); //讓系統暫停
    return 0;
}
```

```
C:\Dev-Cpp\HelloWorld\helloworld.exe
Please enter your name? chwu
Your name is chwu.
Please enter your height? 171
Your height is 171
Please enter your weight? 70
Your weight is 70
High number is 171請按任意鍵繼續 . . .
```

Example #4

BMI計算程式

▶ 輸入資料

▶ 計算

▶ 判斷

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>

int main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
    char name[500];
    printf("Please enter your name? ");
    scanf("%s", name);
    printf("Your name is %s.\n",name);

    float height, weight, bmi;
    printf("Please enter height: ");
    scanf("%f", &height);
    printf("Your Height is %3.0f \n", height);

    printf("Please enter weight: ");
    scanf("%f", &weight);
    printf("Your Weight is %3.0f \n", weight);

    height = (height/100);
    bmi = weight / (height*height);
    printf("Your BMI is %3.1f\n", bmi);

    if (bmi <18.5) { printf("你過瘦!\n"); }
    if ((bmi >=18.5) && (bmi <24)) { printf("正常!\n"); }
    if ((bmi >=24) && (bmi <27)) { printf("過重!\n"); }
    if ((bmi >=27) && (bmi <30)) { printf("輕度肥胖!\n"); }
    if ((bmi >=30) && (bmi <35)) { printf("中度肥胖!\n"); }
    if (bmi >=35) { printf("重度肥胖!\n"); }

    system("PAUSE");
    return 0;
}
```

迴圈結構

- ▶ 可讓程式重複執行
- ▶ 有分兩種類型
- ▶ For迴圈
 - 進入迴圈前先判斷條件是否符合
- ▶ while迴圈

```
Do {  
.....  
} While (條件)
```

(至少迴圈內容會被執行一次)

```
While (條件)  
{ .....  
}
```

(迴圈內容可能不會被執行)

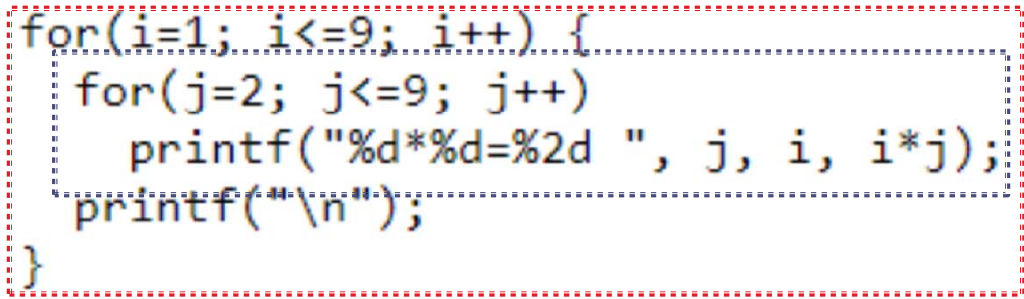
```
For (i=1; i<=9; i++)  
{  
  迴圈內容  
  此部分程式會被重複執行9次  
}
```



Example #5

九九乘法表 需有雙重迴圈概念

```
#include <stdio.h>
void main()
{
    int i, j;
    for(i=1; i<=9; i++) {
        for(j=2; j<=9; j++)
            printf("%d*%d=%2d ", j, i, i*j);
        printf("\n");
    }
    system("PAUSE");
    return 0;
}
```



```
C:\Dev-Cpp\99\99.exe
2*1= 2 3*1= 3 4*1= 4 5*1= 5 6*1= 6 7*1= 7 8*1= 8 9*1= 9
2*2= 4 3*2= 6 4*2= 8 5*2=10 6*2=12 7*2=14 8*2=16 9*2=18
2*3= 6 3*3= 9 4*3=12 5*3=15 6*3=18 7*3=21 8*3=24 9*3=27
2*4= 8 3*4=12 4*4=16 5*4=20 6*4=24 7*4=28 8*4=32 9*4=36
2*5=10 3*5=15 4*5=20 5*5=25 6*5=30 7*5=35 8*5=40 9*5=45
2*6=12 3*6=18 4*6=24 5*6=30 6*6=36 7*6=42 8*6=48 9*6=54
2*7=14 3*7=21 4*7=28 5*7=35 6*7=42 7*7=49 8*7=56 9*7=63
2*8=16 3*8=24 4*8=32 5*8=40 6*8=48 7*8=56 8*8=64 9*8=72
2*9=18 3*9=27 4*9=36 5*9=45 6*9=54 7*9=63 8*9=72 9*9=81
```